No: 91, January 1993

# CHESS TIMES

The Magazine of the Bristol & District Chess League

80p

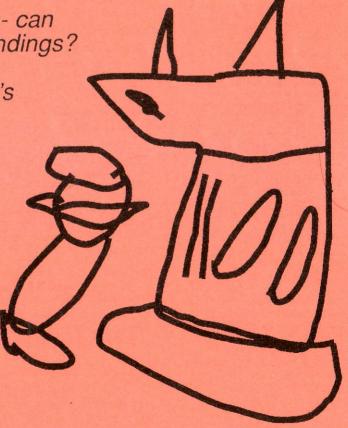
Opening Moves - junior chess takes off in Bristol

Computers - can they play endings?

Alan Ashby's memorable games

League Congress Section 3

plus: league tables and news



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Subscriptions: £8.00 for ten issues (posted to a home address) or £6.00 for ten issues (collected from a Bristol League club). Send cheques payable to the *Bristol & District Chess League* to the Editor.

Printed by: Everest, 195 Cheltenham Road, Bristol BS6 5QX

Advertising: rates are available on request from the Editor.

Bristol Chess Times is the official magazine of the Bristol & District Chess League, but the opinions of the contributors do not necessarily reflect, those of the Management Committee.

Games listings and diagrams are created using ChessBase.

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Next issue: 7th March.

#### **Editorial**

#### Bristol mustn't miss its NCL opportunity

The National Chess League is getting nearer reality. Invitations for prospective teams to tender for one of the twelve places in this semi-professional league should come out this month. Applications have to be in by around April and the whole thing kicks off in October this year.

Your League Management Committee set up a working party to consider whether Bristol could enter a side. The working party thought we should try, otherwise Bristol could end up as a backwater of British chess. However, it will take a lot of sponsorship money to run a side (estimates suggest about £10,000) and this can be raised only by determination and hard work. We are looking for people with the time and skills to put together the Bristol bid. If you are interested in helping get Bristol into the National League, contact me today.

#### Short takes on the Tinman

As we go to press, Nigel Short prepares to take on Jan Timman (or Timman, as the newspapers keep printing). We wish Short good luck in his bid to meet Kasparov for the world title. This match will give chess some welcome publicity - clubs should seize the opportunity to recruit new members.

#### Farewell 617, hello 378

Oracle's teletext franchise ran out at the end of 1992, and a new company took over. Shock at Oracle's C4 chess page 617 having been replaced by local cinema listings was eliminated by tracking the new chess page down to page 378 on ITV. The very good news for those of you with Teletext is that they are promising to bring us the Short-Timman games 'live' from 6pm each evening.

#### This issue

A new book review column starts this issue, and I hope to make it a regular feature, so I am looking for volunteers to act as reviewers.

This issue has twenty pages and has reduced the backlog of articles. The result is I have nearly run out of material. So, please send me more articles soon!

John Richards

#### The Front Cover

The picture of a knight and pawn was drawn by Joe Williams (son of the League's General Secretary, Alan Williams) on an Apple Macintosh computer.

## Around the Clubs

The league championship race is poised to become one of the most exciting for years. Habitual winners CLIFTON A have had a poor start, losing to both HORFIELD A and HAMILLS A. BATH has been the side to watch and look like leading at the halfway tage. The tables show Horfield A in a strong position with 100%, but this is misleading as they look likely to have picked up just one or two points from the last four matches. CLIFTON B and UNIVERSITY A are ready to pounce if Bath

It's easier to see what's really happening nutside Division One because more of the results are in (perhaps one benefit of not having adjournments). There do seem to be large number of defaults this season, and one team is already in danger of being

thrown out of the league. Just seven more default penalty points and CLIFTON E will automatically be disqualified!

KEYNSHAM's Jeremy Hendy has had a excellent season so far, playing well above his rating of 128. In September, he took first place in the Golders Green Under 150 Rapidplay in London with a perfect six wins, and then, last month, he got a draw against GM Stuart Conquest in his simultaneous display (Conquest's, not Hendy's) at Horfield (see page 13).

CLIFTON's Dave Collier is the League's new Treasurer, taking over the post from his club colleague Adam Stirling.

DOWNEND have an excellent club newsletter called *Versus*. Editors Terry Hewitt and Nigel Wilcox produce a lively mix of results, articles, results and games.

continued on page 16

#### League Tables

January 1993

Division 1				Division 2				Division 3	
	Pld	DP	Pts		Pld	DP	Pts	Pld DP Pt	S
Bath	5	-	9	Grendel A	9	-	18	Cossham B 9 - 1	4
Horfield A	4		8	Sun Life A	9	-	13	South Bristol B 8 3 1	2
Clifton B	6	1	8	Nailsea A	8	1	10	Bristol Royals A 8 9 1	2
Clifton A	6	5	8	Thornbury A	9	1	10	Horfield C 9 - 1	1
University A	5	22	6	Downend B	8	-	8	Clevedon B 8 - 1	0
Sea Mills A	6	÷	6	Cossham A	8 9 9	- 2	7	Nailsea B 9 - 1	
Downend A	5	5		University B	9	2	7	Grendel B 8 -	
Nouth Bristol A	4		5 2 2	Clifton C	9	-	5	Clifton D 8 5	4
Hanham A	4 5	4	2	Keynsham A	7	3	5	Downend C 7 3	2
Horfield B	8	3	0	Clevedon A	9	-	3	Sea Mills B 8 -	0
Division 4				Division 5				Division 6	
Distance 4	Pld	DP	Pts	Division 5	Pld	DP	Pts	Pld DP Pt	S
Hanham B	8	10000	14	Sun Life B	10	-	15	Thornbury C 10 1 1	5
Thornbury B	7	2	10	Clevedon C	10	1	15	Bristol Royals B 8 - 1	4
Harambee A	8	1	9	Hanham C	8	-	12	Hanham Ó 10 - 1	4
Horfield D	8	1	9	Civil Service	9	-	11	Nailsea D 9 1 1	2
Keynsham B	8	3	9	University D	9	3	7	Downend E 9 -	7
University C	8 8 9	1	7	Grendel D	7	5	6	Keynsham C 8 3	6
Grendel C	9	-	6	Downend D	9	15	0	Grendel E 10 1	1
South Bristol C	7	2	5	Clifton E	9	39	0	Harambee B 6 9	1
Naisea C	6	1	3	All-Play-All 3 ti	mes			All-Play-All 3 times	
Cabot	6	27	2					20 May 12	

DP - Default Penalty Points. One league point has been deducted for every ten DPs.

BRISTOL CHESS TIMES

#### Steve Boniface

or the exchange visit to Germany (2-4 Oct) this year's squad was: Huw Oliver, John Richards (Horfield); Paul Helbig (Bath); Dave Twine, Bob Bagshaw (South Bristol); Chris Hunt (Clifton); Ted Freeman (Sea Mills); and myself (Grendel). This represented a fair mix of clubs, strengths, experience of exchanges. linguistic ability, and personalities.

The early getaway meant we were able to participate in the traditional Friday evening quickplay. After a couple of brief opening speeches and the presentation of a genuine Bristol Blue glass goblet, the games started in earnest, enlivened by the presence of several crates of strong German beer.

Saturday lunchtime, after the civic reception, we had the first "kleine Spaziergang" (short walk) in a nearby park. Suitably exhausted, we arrived at the first match venue. Special mention must be made of Bob, who laid into his opponent (one of two Australian exiles!) and put us into an early morale-boosting lead. However, the real struggle soon began and, despite an excellent win by Paul, Hannover fought back to a 4-3 lead. Making frantic efforts in time trouble, Chris was unable to win with B+RP v N and we lost 41/2 to 31/2.

A quick look at a German grading list showed we were outgraded by at least 10 BCF points all the way down, so this was no disgrace. Any disappointment was soon forgotten in the evening when we visited several historical landmarks with a liquid connection and sampled the local "Hell" beer. We found out why it's so-called the next morning. Unfortunately, those of us who eventually reached the new Capablanca Chess Cafe were too tired to enjoy the facilities fully.

On Sunday, we again started well when I sprang a trap in the opening. Huw got a



(1 to r): Ted Freeman, Steve Boniface and Bob Bagshaw take on the Germans

good draw against the German number one, and John was handing his opponent a second drubbing. Dave secured a half point after a dangerous middle game, but Ted went down against a very tough player on board 6.

Again we needed to win the final game to tie the match. This time Paul was in the hot seat and, despite an almost reckless attempt to win, had to settle for a draw in the ending. The match was again just lost, but there was little sadness as we went for a little walk to a large meal followed by a party.

The trip was most enjoyable, with the match results less important than the good friendships forged and renewed. We look forward to the return visit next year and hope that even more from both cities will participate. I welcome offers to act as hosts in 1993 any time from now onwards.



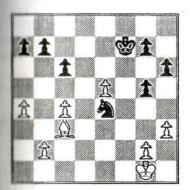
#### Jerry Humphreys

January 1993

ongratulations to Daniel Bateman, winner of this month's game. Daniel, 15, goes to Downend School and has been a member of Downend Chess Club for two years. He had only played in Division 6 until recently, so it was a big step to play as a reserve in Division 3. However, he played with a cool head and gave his experienced opponent some nasty shocks!

I Langdon - D Bateman Cossham B-Downend C 1992

1.d1 d5 2.e3 ᡚc6 3.Ձd3 e5 4.c3 ≌e7 Me2 e4 6. Q b5 Q d7 7. Q xc6 Q xc6 8.0-0 2 h 5 9. 公d2 Q xe2 10. 資xe2 c6 11.a4 資d7 12.13 exf3 13. \(\preceq\) xf3 \(\Omega\)f6 14.e4 \(\preceq\)g4 15 exd5 \(\psi xf3\) 16.\(\phi xf3\) \(\phi xf3\) 16.\(\phi xf3\) \(\phi xd5\) 17.\(\phi g5\) 16.\(\phi xf3\) \(\phi xd5\) 17.\(\phi g5\) 16.\(\phi xf3\) \(\phi xf3\) 16.\(\phi xf3\) \(\phi xf3\) 16.\(\phi xf3\) \(\phi xf3\) 17.\(\phi g5\) 18.\(\phi xf3\) 18.\(\phi xf3\ 11. He2 Qd6 22. Hae1 Qe5!? 23. Qg5+ 18 Qc3 Axe5 29.dxe5 4)e4



#### 30. Øf1?

White now ends up with weak pawns on the mucen's side. Better is 30.e6+! Exe6 11 2 xg7 with a probable draw.

30... 1xc3 31.bxc3 &e6 32. e2 &xe5 33. 2e3 h5 34. 2f3 2f5 35. 2e3? White should play 35.g4 when he still has drawing chances. 35...g4 36.hxg4+ \$\text{ \$\text{\$xg4}\$}\$ 37.\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$f}2\$}}\$ h4 38.c5 h3 39.gxh3+ \$\text{\$\text{\$xh3}\$}\$ 0-1

#### Opening Moves

A new chess club has opened in Bristol, aimed at players aged 14 and under. It is called Opening Moves and meets every Sunday at Queen Elizabeth Hospital Theatre, in Jacobs Wells Road, Clifton.

So far, the club has attracted a great number of players, from beginners to League standard players. Beginners are taught the moves, rules such as castling and en passant, and skills such as how to keep a scoresheet. In the advanced section, players are given demonstrations of openings and master games, play five-minute tournaments and have a graded league based on the games they play at the club.

New players are always welcome - just turn up at 3.30 on a Sunday afternoon. The club also needs adults, not necessarily strong players themselves, who can coach the players or who have good ideas for new activities. For further information, phone lain Bourne on 0272 668964 (eves).

#### Stroud Quickplay

Three Bristol League juniors played at the popular Stroud 1/2-hour tournament on 6th December. For Daniel Bateman (see above) and Darrell Rowbottom (Grendel's latest signing) it was their first ever tournament, and both managed to win games. The more experienced Cossham player Shane Roberts scored 4/6 in the under-161 section. Three other local juniors were present: Carl Bicknell (Clifton College), Paul Fell (KLB), and Richard Colfer (Marlwood). Richard managed the excellent score of 31/2/6 in the under-131 section.

#### Christmas Teaser

How many knights do you need to force checkmate if your opponent has just a pawn on his/her R2, and your king is directly in front of it? Is the answer different if the pawn is missing? (Remember that you can get knights by promoting pawns.) Answer next issue.

## Tuson wins out in combative Section 3

#### Richard Palmer

his section was keenly contested with four players in contention for the trophy. After two rounds only three players had 100% - Dave Francis (Horfield), A Johnson and J Tuson (both Grendel). Tuson had a half point bye in round 3 while Johnson beat Francis to take a clear lead. In round 4, Tuson demolished Johnson in 14 moves to leapfrog in front.

In the final round, Tuson (3½) played Francis (3), while Johnson (3) played S C Roberts (Central), who had managed three straight wins after losing to Tuson in the first round. Roberts had a convincing win while Francis-Tuson went to a very tricky rook + pawn ending where Tuson had the edge. In the quickplay scramble, Francis gave up his rook for a few pawns and then, in what should have been a winning rook v pawn ending, Tuson swapped off for a draw.

So Roberts and Tuson tied on 4/5, with the trophy going to Tuson on the second tie-break - his win over Roberts in Round One proved to be the decisive game of the section:

J Tuson - SC Roberts Round 1, Dutch Defence

1.d4 f5 2.c4 �f6 3.�c3 d6 4.Ձg5 e6 5.e4 Ձe7 6.Ձd3 0-0 7.�ge2 fxe4 8.Ձxf6 Ձxf6 9.Ձxe4 c5 10.0-0 �d7 11.ਊd3 h6?!

This leaves the light squares around the king very weak, but the alternative of ...g6 invites a strong attack by \$\Delta f4\$, \$\mathbb{H}e1-e3\$, and a sacrifice on g6.

Walking into a fork, but White threatens a strong attack with 15. #g6+ #e7

## Section



#### **Bristol League Congress**

16. 且xe6+! 盈xe6 17. 且e1. Best may be 14...e5 when after 15. 世g6+ 魯e7 16. ②fd5+ ②xd5 17. ②xd5+ ③d7 18. 世f5+ ⑤c6 19. 世c2 黃a5 Black is still in the game.

15.ᡚg6+ ₾f7 16.ᡚxf8 cxd4 17.ᡚxe6 ᡚxe6 18.₩g6+

Stronger is 18. 2g6+ \$e7 19. \$\delta f5 \$\ddots d7\$ 20. \$\ddots d5+\$ winning a piece.

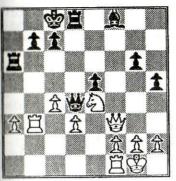
This should lead to a quick win - if 24...且e7 or ...曾e7 25.曾c8+! 如xc8 26.虽xc8+#; if 24...且e5 25.曾c7+ 魯e8 26.虽g6+

24... 當行 25. Qg6? [25. Qe6 wins quickly] 25... 當d7 26. Qxe8 氢xe8 and White eventually won on move 53. 1-0.

This game produced an attractive finish in Round 3:

E Turner - P Coy

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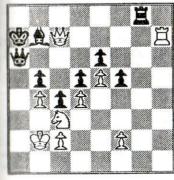


wins by force. If Black declines the offered rook, 30... 営xd3, or ... 畳xa3, White has no mark. 31. 全d6+ 営b6 32. 営b7+ 営c5 は 全d4+ 営xe4 34.dxe4 畳c6

15.世b5+ 曾d4 36.世xc6 Qxa3 1-0.

the diagram position, White's best move 30.0c5 Ec6 (30...0xc5 or ... \$\text{wxc5}\$ txb7+ \$\text{gd7}\$ 32.\$\text{wxa6}\$ xa6) 31.\$\text{0xb7}\$ winmaterial. Black might try 31...c4 \$\text{0xd8}\$ exf3 33.\$\text{0xc6}\$ \$\text{gf4}\$ (33... \$\text{gg4}\$ 4.83 \$\text{0xd8}\$ exf3 35.\$\text{0xc6}\$ \$\text{gf4}\$ (33... \$\text{gg4}\$ 4.83 \$\text{0xf2}\$ (otherwise 35. \$\text{Ee1}\$] 35.\$\text{Eb8+}\$ \$\text{gd7}\$ 37.\$\text{0xg6+}\$ and White should

The one that got away...

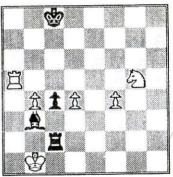


K Jones - G Cameron Round 3

White has a strong attack. The clearest win is to switch the direction of attack by 45. \(\mathbb{H}\) h1. Black's only try is 45... \(\mathbb{H}\) c8 after which White wins by 46. \(\mathbb{L}\) xb5+! \(\mathbb{H}\) xb5 (46...\(\mathbb{H}\) a8 47. \(\mathbb{H}\) xc8+! \(\mathbb{L}\) xc8 48. \(\mathbb{L}\) c7+ etc.) 47. \(\mathbb{H}\) a1+ \(\mathbb{H}\) a6 48. \(\mathbb{H}\) xa6 + \(\mathbb{L}\) xa6 49. \(\mathbb{H}\) a5+#

The game, which was already into the quickplay finish, went 45.世c5+ 學b8 46.公xb5 邑c8 47.營d6+ 營xd6 48.exd6

Stronger is 48.①xd6 臣c7 49.罝h8+ 鱼c8 50.罝xc8+ 罝xc8 51.①xc8 蛰xc8 52.蛩a3 蛩c7 53.b5 蛩b6 54.蛩b4 with a won ending.



Now 64...c3 threatens at least a perpetual, but White has the resource 65. 4. The game continued...

64...且f2 65.如e6 且f1+ 66.母b2 且f2+ 67.母c3?? 且c2+ # 0-1

It is interesting to analyse the end position, a luxury that was not afforded to the players in the quickplay ending! If 67. \$\mathbb{G}\$c1 c3 [threat ... \$\mathbb{H}\$f1#] 68. \$\mathbb{H}\$c5+ \$\mathbb{D}\$b8 [else the knight escapes with check] 69. \$\mathbb{H}\$ xc3 \$\mathbb{L}\$ xe6 which should be drawn.

An interesting try by Black is 67...愛b8 68.且c5 虽c2+ 69.愛b1 c3 and Black has perpetual check.

After 64... If 2 in the diagram position, White can try 65. 44 I xf4 66. 4c5 I xd4? 67. I a8+ C7 68. 4c6+ C5 69. Ax44 Cxa8 70. Axb3 cxb3 71. Cb2 but the endgame is drawn.

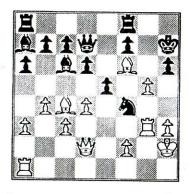
SC Roberts - E Turner Round 4, Guioco Piano

1.e4 e5 2.免f3 ②c6 3.Qc4 ③f6 4.Qc3 Qc5 5.0-0 0-0 6.a3 a6 7.d3 d6 8.Qg5 h6 9.Qh4 Qg4 10.h3 Qh5 11.g4 Qg6 12.②d5 ⑤h7 13.b4 Qa7 14.c3 ②e7? 15.②xf6+ gxf6 16.Qxf6 營d7 17.營d2 ②c6 18.⑥h2 ②d8 19.②h4 ②e6 20.g5?!

Premature - after Black's next, White has no satisfactory way to defend h3. He should prepare g5 by either exchanging the knight on e6 or playing  $\Xi g1$ .

#### 20... 到f4 21. 到f5 Qxf5 22. 且g1

22... Q xe4 23. 且g3 Q c6? [23... Q g6 denies White any counterplay.] 24.d4



24...♦h5 25.d5 Ձb5? 26.Ձd3+ Ձxd3 27.₩xd3+ ฿g8 28.gxh6+ 1-0.

In the diagram position White, a piece down, has a lot of threats and over the board he is likely to win. Detailed analysis shows that Black can hold on to a material advantage with best defence.

A critical line is 25...公xg3 26.dxc6 bxc6 27.fxg3 曾f5 28.邑f1 曾g6 29.鱼d3 e4 30.邑f4! exd3 31.邑h4 且ae8 [hoping for 32.邑xh6+ 曾xh6 33.gxh6 邑e2+] 32.曾xd3! 曾xd3 33.邑xh6+ 曾g8 34.邑h8+#, but

Black has 30...hxg5 31. 2xe4 gxf4 etc. when with two rooks against the queen, Black has the better chances.

In this line if 26... \$\text{\ti}\text{\te

After 24... \$\Delta\$h5 in the diagram position, I think 25.\Delta\$d3+ wins for White, 25...e4 26.\Delta\$g4 \Delta\$xf6 (26...\text{exd3}? 27.\Delta\$xd3+ wins as in the game; 26...\Delta\$f5? 27.\Delta\$h4 \Delta\$g6 28.\Delta\$e2) 27.\text{gxf6} \Delta\$g8 28.\Delta\$h4 \Delta\$g6 29.\Delta\$e2 \Delta\$xf6 30.\Delta\$g4 \Delta\$e7 31.\Delta\$f5+ wins, or 29...\Delta\$g8 30.\Delta\$g4 \Delta\$d8 31.\Delta\$f5 \Delta\$f8 32.\Delta\$g1 and White wins by \Delta\$g5-h5, or 32...\Delta\$h8 33.\Delta\$xg6 \Delta\$xg6 34.\Delta\$xg6 fxg6 35.\Delta\$xh6+ etc.

In the diagram, 24... If 5 is Black's best try. I can't see a forced win for White, though he has plenty of strong attacking possibilities.

A Johnson - SC Roberts Round 5, Dutch Defence

1.d4 f5 2.c4 幻f6 3.幻c3 e6 4.俎g5 Дe7 5.e3 b6 6.幻f3 且b7 7.Ձe2 0-0 8.0-0 d6 9.b4 幻bd7 10.營b3 ②e4 11.Дxe7 營xe7 12.d5 e5 13.幻xe4 fxe4 14.幻d2 幻f6 15.營c2 요c8 16.幻xe4?!

This puts the White queen in the firing line. However, Black has got much the better of the opening and it is difficult to find a decent move for White.

16... ①xe4 17. 當xe4 Qf5 18. 當f3 e4 19. 當g3 目f6 20. Qh5?

White's only chance to stay in the game is 20.f3 or f4 to provide a retreat for the queen.

D Francis - J Tuson Round 5

This position was reached at the start of the quickplay finish with Black needing a win to gain first place outright. He had excellent

chances with his passed pawn, White's doubled pawns, and White's king out of play.

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Mack should win the ending by 48...\$c6 \$\mathbb{O}\$ \text{\$\exititt{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\}\$}\\$\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\e

The endgame is very interesting to analyse. White's best try for a draw is 43.h4 ②c4 用c3+! ③d5 [If the rook is captured, it stalemate, and 44...③d4? allows 45.且c6 155 46.且b6]

45. \( \begin{align\*} \begin{align\*} 45. \( \begin{align\*} \begin{align\*} 46. \begin{align\*} \begin{align\*} 64. \begin{align\*} 64. \begin{align\*} \begin{align\*} 64. \begin{align\*} 64.

So, it appears that White can obtain a draw

by line (C).

Tuson was a worthy winner as the only points he dropped were a half point bye and a drawn game which he had the better of. He had a convincing win over the other player on 4/5, and he was the only unbeaten player in the section.

Placings: 1-2 J Tuson (Grendel), S C Roberts (Central) 4; 3-4 D Francis (Horfield), G Cameron (Sun Life) 3½; 5-6 B S Radford (Omnibus), A Johnson (Grendel) 3; 7-9 K Jones, P Walters (Nailsea, S Finnimore (Horfield) 2½; 10-12 E Fletcher (Sea Mills), E Turmer, P Martin (Horfield) 2; 13 R Studer (Clevedon) 1½; 14 P Coy (Nailsea) 1; G Wright (Harambee) withdrew.

#### Bristol KO Cup Results.

Round 1: Clevedon 4½-3½ University Downend 6 - 2 Harambee.

Round 2:
Clevedon 2½-5½ Sea Mills
Nailsea 3½-3½: South Bristol (+1)
Hanham 3 - 5 Thornbury
Grendel 2½-5½ Clifton
Civil Service 0 - 8 Horfield
Sun Life 0 - 6 Downend (+2)

Bristol Royals 11/2-61/2 Bath

#### **Cup Draws**

Cossham

The draw for the third round of the Bristol KO Cup is:

5 - 3 Keynsham

Cossham v Clifton (28th Jan)
Sea Mills v Thornbury (27th Jan)
Bath v Horfield (27th Jan)
Nailsea or

South Bristol v Downend

(25th or 26th Jan)

Bristol Individual KO Round 1 draw: R G Sully v J K Fawcett; G Strickland v S C Roberts; J Tuson v D C Pugh; R Phillips v M Bridgman; J W Nichols v A T Mordue; J Snell v R Gage; M Daniels v J E Richards; Shane Roberts v T Chinnick. All games to be played by 20th January.

## Chess Computers and Endgame Studies

#### **Brian Gosling**

ver the last decade a revolution has been taking place which will have a profound effect on the way we play chess. Someone reading a chess magazine for the first time can be forgiven for thinking he has picked up the wrong magazine, for page after page is about Computers and Databases.

I, like many chessplayers, have mixed feelings about this new development. Where will it lead? Will it kill the enjoyment of the game?

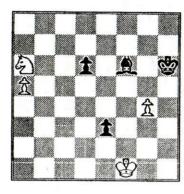
Well, recently I put my doubts behind me and I acquired a Fidelity Excel Mach III 68000 Chess Playing Computer. This model has been around for a few years and is by no means the most powerful computer that one can buy. I chose this model because it was in my price range and offered good problem solving ability. I wanted to see how useful it would be in my work as an adjudicator in checking analysis and giving a second opinion. To ascertain how good the 68000 was in endgame analysis one had to have a graded standard with which to compare it. The standard I chose was the set of graded studies in Speelman and Livshit's book, "Test Your Endgame Ability" (Batsford, 1988). So over the next few months I analysed 60 studies taken from all fields of endgame theory. They covered the complete ability range. The results, and some of the discoveries, were quite surprising.

Let us now look at some of the interesting positions that came to light during the project.

#### Study 1

V and M Platov, 1908

See next column.



295 Speelman/Livshits Win?

A year after this study was published, the Platovs became famous by winning the third composing tourney in the Rigaer Tageblatt magazine. The prizewinning study was a particular favourite of Lenin's. In both studies, the knight played a central role. The Platov's solution to the above study is 1.g5+ \$xg5 (1...2xg5 2.2c7 2 f6 3.2c6 d5 4.a6 d4 5.2c2 wins) 2.2c5! 2d4 (or 2d8) 3.2c6 wins. The a-pawn cannot be stopped from queening.

The computer did not like the move 1.g5+. Instead it played 1.2c7 2d4 2.2e2 2a7 3.2f3 2g5 with no clear outcome. Why was this? Is the solution too difficult or is the study flawed?

I began to move the pieces around and then it occurred to me. After 1.g5+ \$\mathbb{Q} \times g5\$ 2.\$\mathbb{Q} \times 5\$, Black has a strong counterattack with 2...\$\mathbb{Q} g4! If White now plays 3.a6, then ...\$\mathbb{Q} f3!\$ wins for Black. The move 3.\$\mathbb{Q} e2\$ is also no good because Black plays ...\$\mathbb{Q} d4(d8)\$. It is no wonder the computer didn't like 1.g5+. The move gives a pawn away and helps Black in his counterattack. This study was indeed flawed, but it can easily be corrected.

M and M Platov, 1908 Correction by B

January 1993

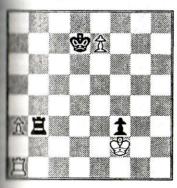


on e4 and the White king on e2. The counterattack now does not work. The the computer came up with the solution which was the Platov's idea

Would like to acknowledge Timothy worth's help in checking the original position.]

Mudy 2

Korolkov, 1948



\$\$\frac{1}{2} \text{SpecIman/Livshits Win?}

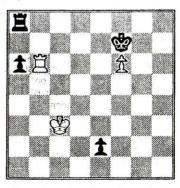
All this is very pretty but it has a fatal flaw. I had a suspicion that something was wrong. Black has an important defensive resource which the composer overlooked. Also the computer could not find the correct idea when playing at 3½ minutes per move. So I left it running overnight. I can understand why Botvinnik wanted to develop a chess playing computer. He has lost enough sleep analysing those adjourned games in the early hours.

The defensive idea which the computer found overnight is to play the black rook to the 6th rank where it is able to blockade the pawn.

After 1. Ecl \$\mathbb{Q} \cent{e} 82.a4, the move 2... \$\mathbb{L} \text{b6}!\$ secures the draw. This is one of those rare positions where the rook is better positioned in front of the pawn rather than behind. Both the White pawns are weak, and the White king is too far away to defend them. Black has time to set up a defensive position to secure the draw. 3. \$\mathbb{L} \text{c} \mathbb{L} \text{a6}\$. The pawn must not be allowed any further than the fifth rank, for then Black cannot draw. 4.a5 \$\mathbb{L} \text{f6}\$. White can make no progress. 5. \$\mathbb{L} \text{c4}\$ \$\mathbb{L} \text{a6}\$ 6. \$\mathbb{L} \text{a4}\$ \$\mathbb{Q} \text{x67}\$ 7. \$\mathbb{L} \text{x13}\$, It is a draw.

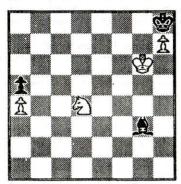
By reversing the colours and making White to move and draw, the study can be corrected.

V. Korolkov, 1948. Correction by B Gosling, 1991.



Study 3

F Hey, 1913



272 Speelman/Livshits Win?

With White to move, the authors Speelman and Livshits give the following solution 1.266! 2c7 2.25 wins. I've no way of checking the original, but I doubt if this is Hey's solution.

This study is a good example of corresponding squares. In order to give mate the knight has to get to f7. From e6, the knight can get to f7 from g5 and d8. So Black has only one move and that is 1...2h4. The corresponding square for e6 is h4. A whole series of corresponding squares can be compiled.

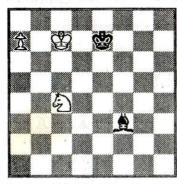
The solution is 1.0e6 \( \Delta \text{A4!} = . The computer showed that White's threats of mate and attack on the a-pawn can be met by accurate defence.

It is interesting to note that both Fine and Averbakh quote the same position. Fine gives the name 'O. Hey' and also analyses the position to a draw. Averbakh analyses with Black to move but comes to the same conclusion.

#### Study 4

To understand this position the computer needs to search to a depth of over 16 plies. This is near the theoretical limit for this type of machine. Because it cannot reach this search depth in the required time it fails to find the correct solution.

V Chekhover, 1950



283 Speelman/Livshits Win

The computer sees 1.\$\,\text{\omega} \text{\omega} \text{\

#### Conclusions

The final result from analysing ten groups of six studies was a 66% success rate in solving. Each group represented a different type of endgame. The playing level chosen gave an average response time of 3½ minutes per move. Studies solved by overnight analysis are not included in the result. Obviously, if these were counted, the result would be very much higher, in the order of 70-80%.

This is a brilliant result and indicates we are only a few years away from a 100% score. It means that most chessplayers have the possibility of owning computers which can play the endgame perfectly. These computers will have a grading in excess of 3000 ELO.

of you may ask, why do we need such maters? The study composers of the past without such machines. Look at why when he worked out the theory of very difficult ending - king and two with a king and pawn - he didn't need help of a computer. Yes, he was word with great mental ability which the poly of us do not have.

January 1993

Whink that players interested in the maleame will welcome such a machine. Yeary few of us have the luxury of spending more than a few evenings a week on chess matters. Such a machine will enable us to more theory and know that our monositions are technically perfect. The composer will be set free to concentrate on the other facets of his art. Composing will wome more accessible to players who would otherwise be put off by the sheer volume of theory they need to know. Often seards are made to studies which are found least to be technically flawed. This need no Marger happen. Hard pressed judges and admidicators should welcome them with men arms. This doesn't belittle the judging process. The technical ability of the Judge has to be second to none. I know that much of what I have written is controverbut I put it before you for your sumsideration.

them without understanding is like the hoolboy who has no idea how to do his when his calculator is taken away.

West of England Regional Coach, I am winced of the importance of chess muters in the teaching of endgame ory. Analysing studies is a useful way to part knowledge without tears. The chalter to all of us is to live creatively with muters so that they further enrich the Art Chess.

would like to acknowledge Terry Knight's p and advice and in supplying the imputer from Competence, The Chess imputer Specialists, PO Box 759, Wimmer, Dorset, BH21 5YH.

Brian Gosling, 1991

## GM helps Horfield celebrate its 50 years

Torfield & Redland Chess Club held a simultaneous exhibition to celebrate its fiftieth birthday. Grandmaster Stuart Conquest took on 29 opponents, on Tuesday 1st December (exactly 50 years to the day the club was formed in 1942). Stuart scored 24 wins, 4 draws and just one defeat: against Phil Nendick (Horfield). Three of the four draws were also against Horfield players: Huw Oliver, John Richards and Alan Williams. This meant the four members of Horfield's first team who took part beat the GM by 21/2-11/2. The other draw was secured by J Hendy of Keynsham Chess Club. The youngest players were Nick Jones, aged ten, and his sister Anna, 12, and Christopher Purnell, also 12.

Stuart was still recovering from tonsillitis, and so did exceptionally well to cope with the rigours of a simul lasting nearly five and a half hours.

#### Torbay draws the crowds

A record 229 competitors took part in the 27th Torbay Congress, 20-22 November (5 rounds).

Open: 1 P Rossiter 4½; 2= A P Lewis, J F S Menadue, F Parr 4.

Major: 1= M F Hill, A Greet, R J Barlow, R Burton, B Penaligon, J Coburn 4.

Intermediate: 1= D Cavalli, A Bowhill, K Jones 4½; 4 B Cooper 4.

Minor: 1= B S Radford (Bristol Royals), B Rolls, G Rowan 4½; 4= M Buchanan, N F Ingram, D S Tice 4.

#### Jingle buzzes

DOWNEND held a post-Christmas buzzer tournament on 29th December. Tyson Mordue was the outright winner with 5½/6. Second equal were Mike Brigden and John Richards with 5. Alan Williams was fourth with 4½. Duncan Brown and Richard Jarvis shared the Junior prize.



Letters have been edited for the purposes of clarity and space.

#### Direct Member rep

■ I am pleased to inform you that I have been elected to serve as representative for BCF Direct Full Members, of which there are now more than 1,000 in Great Britain. Our strength gives us three voices on the BCF Council, which is the ultimate decision making body of the organization. It consists of approximately 100 representatives, up to half of whom attend the two regular meetings a year - an AGM and a Finance Meeting.

Above this sits the Management Board who formulate policy and make recommendations for the Council to adopt. Being such a large body, it is rare for Council to be in total agreement on any matter, and the substantial presence of Board members together with the unpredictable effects of proxy votes means that rejection of Board recommendations is not common.

Nevertheless, Council is a democratic, thinking, body. Ample evidence came forward at the AGM on 19th September. An attempt to remove the representative for Women's Chess from the Management Board, which had been pushed through Board, was defeated by a large majority. The President himself felt compelled to quit the chair to express his feelings. After this, the global motion to trim the Board to a more manageable size fell completely apart.

The item which generated most discussion was the proposed introduction of the Game Fee to replace the Levy System. Board wanted to launch a Pilot Scheme based on a payment of 12½p per game alongside a dying Levy charge. The full Game Fee was expected to be 20p per player per game when the Levy vanished. Almost every delegate had his own feelings

on the issue. Most vociferous were those areas who had disaffiliated and declared they would not rejoin until the Levy was dead. I spoke on the adverse effect the GF would have on Congresses (none of whom will be exempt even if they insist on registration!) and in favour of a two-tier direct membership scheme. This would have a basic level for registration and grading only. My fear is that any additional burden on independent tournaments on top of ever-escalating hall charges will kill off some events.

In the end, after several abortive attempts to amend the proposals, the original paper was adopted on the understanding that it would be reworked and re-presented to an extraordinary meeting early next year.

Until the Bristol League gets its own representative on Council, I shall be happy to carry forward any concerns you may have. As I am technically representing only Direct Members, can I ask that general matters be passed through the League Management Committee. Direct Members may contact me on 0272 515869. If there is enough interest, I will set up regular 'clinics' for DMs. My two co-delegates, from London and the North-East, will be acting similarly.

Steve Boniface Lower Easton, Bristol

#### Gradings are over-rated

■ With regard to the BCF Player Registration Scheme (BCT no 89), surely a simple questionaire to each club secretary is the most democratic way of arriving at a solution. I feel it is quite possible that players in Divisions 5 and 6 have neither grading nor tournament aspirations and would be quite happy to forego their names in print to reduce the cost of their hobby.

After all, many of these players must be currently unemployed or retired but already have to pay high club subscriptions. If they are lost to the game, more clubs will fold. Furthermore, juniors will be pitched into league games against seniors far too strong for them and a string of defeats may see them also lost to the club.

Arthur Hicks, Fishponds, Bristol.



BRISTOL CHESS TIMES

Secrets of Rook Endings, John Nunn, Hatsford, Pbk. 300pp. £17.99.

This is the fourth book in Batsford's screts... series. As someone who has the rather publications, I can testify they require a lot of work to reap the benefits ontained in the texts. This latest volume is no exception.

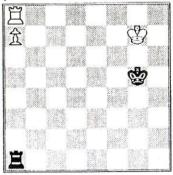
John Nunn has again been commissioned by the publishers; a wise decision, given the minense amount of raw material which had be pulled together into a coherent format. Nunn has established his reputation as a front-line chess writer and has produced one notable works for Batsford. I am minded particularly of his masterpiece werets of Grandmaster Play, co-authored with Peter Griffiths. I am singing Nunn's mass because his latest endeavour has learly been a labour of love: the extra he has put in gives us more to take out.

must point out straightaway that this book overs  $\mathbb{H} + \mathbb{R} \vee \mathbb{H}$  endings "only". In that use, is it worth the effort of study? Well, Nunn says in his Introduction, "the theory of  $\mathbb{H} + \mathbb{R} \vee \mathbb{H}$  underpins the entire theory of rook endings" and is "fundamental" to understanding all rook undings. He demonstrates this statement onclusively as the book unfolds.

the Introduction makes fascinating reading. All the moves are "guaranteed to be accurate". For this we can thank the computer and an endgame database which works backwards from certain end (terminal) positions. The database calculates the result of each position arising until every leal position has been evaluated. Consequently, every start position can be accurated assessed as a win or a draw (with best play). Nunn's role has been to extract the most useful information from a mass of raw data, by means of a user-friendly interface,

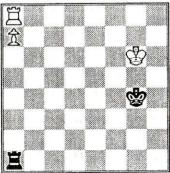
and to act as an interpreter for the reader. He succeeds admirably.

The book has four chapters. Each chapter examines positions with the pawn situated on its start square through to the seventh rank. The files a - d are investigated in turn. Playing through individual positions, I thought: "what did I learn from that?" My initial reaction was - not a great deal! After all, the positions demand best play from both sides and this is beyond most club players. However, a process of osmosis seeped in and I began to feel that a gradual learning curve was taking shape. This was aided by the sequence of positions - I began to see why a certain position is only a draw but the next with, say, minimally different king placements, is a win. For example:



This position is a draw. Analysis (abridged):

However, move the kings one square along the g-file and it's a win:



Working through this book, you will gradually acquire a thorough grounding in essential techniques and motifs (the tricks of the long and short sides, drawing zones, zugzwang for example). Nunn also introduces us to the concept of reciprocal zugzwang: Black to play loses, but White to play only draws! Two hundred and nine such positions are possible in this ending and they are all in the text.

Hold this book in your hand and it is intimidating - 300 pages and 534 positions! The sort a grandmaster carries for his adjournments, you might feel. Well yes; but there is also a great deal of value in it for the player (probably in the 150+ range) who is prepared to work hard on this aspect of the game. At £17.99 it is not inexpensive look on it as an investment. This book deserves a good audience.

Martyn Sellars

King Marches in the Middlegame: The Good and the Bad! Josef Marsalek, translated by Vera Beranova, edited by Alan Ashby, AVBA Publishing, pamphlet, 9pp, £2.00 (inc p&p).

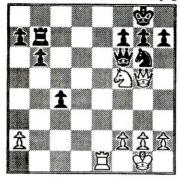
The spectacle of a king going walkabouts early in the game under the gaze of the enemy is often entertaining. I suppose it's because it is so rare that it seems so daring. The first publication from Alan Ashby's new venture is a translation of just one chapter from a Czech book which gives six examples of games with hyperactive kings. All these kings seem to prefer moving sideways and there are no examples of the king marching up the board to join the attack. In his Editor's Note, Alan reminds us of Short performing such a feat early last year, and I would have liked to have seen Alan perhaps add this game (and one or two other recent examples) in an appendix as it would enhance this pamphlet's value.

John Richards

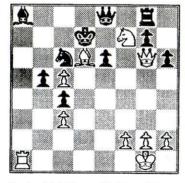
Copies can be ordered from Alan Ashby, 57 Cotham Brow, Bristol, BS6 6AW.

### Find the Moves

An easier set this time. Answers on page 20.



A: A Alekhine - S Freeman New York 1924 White to play and win



B: A Alekhine - E Bogoljubow Wiesbaden 1929 White to play and win

#### Around the Clubs

continued from page 3

The HANHAM Congress organisers had to call it off after failing to find a suitable venue. Steve Boniface is trying to organise a mini event combined with an arbiters' training course for the same weekend (28-30 Jan). See the Diary for details.

The LEAGUE CONGRESS date has not yet been fixed. Keep an eye on club notice-boards.

## My Seven Memorable Games

#### Alan Ashby

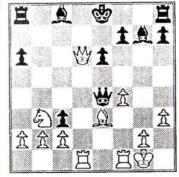
Alan Ashby concludes his tour through the seven of his own games he would most like to take to a desert island.

Game Four George Botterill - Alan Ashby Islington Open 1972 Sicilian Defence.

1.e4 c5 2.句f3 e6 3.d4 cxd4 4.句xd4 a6 8.句c3 쌀c7 6.요d3 句c6 7.요e3 句f6 8.0-0 b5 9.句b3 句e5 10.h3 d6

An unnecessary weakening move. After the game, my opponent said he thought he'd seen Petrosian play 10... \$\omega\$b7 11.f4 \$\omega\$g6 in this position.

11.f4 全c4 12.全xc4 営xc4 13.e5 b4 [not 13...全4 14.営出士] 14.exf6 bxc3 15.fxg7 2xg7 16.資xd6 営e4 17.畳ad1



17... Q b7

Afterwards, my opponent suggested 17... £16 and was impressed when I pointed out 18. £2.5!. The full subtlety now escapes me, but Botterill turned to Tim Harding, who was watching the post-mortem, and said 'There's one for your collection of dynamic waiting moves'.

18.世d7+ 魯f8 19.畳f3 Qd5 20.畳g3 h5 21.公c5 岢f5 22.畳g5 岢f6 23.畳gxd5! Played quickly, confidently, and intuitively.

23...exd5 24.營xd5 且a7 25.全e4 營e6 26.營d8+ 營e8 27.全c5+ 1-0

An instructive loss. George Botterill is one of the most pleasant individuals I have come across in chess. A university philosophy lecturer, he once wrote the following profound words: "As games go, chess is very fair ... it compares very favourably with all the things that go under the designation 'real life', with all the stacked decks, silver spoons, nepotism, favouritism and disastrous misfortunes that attend. In comparison with the crazy unpredictability of most of human existence, playing chess is like a paradise of rationality."

Game Five Simon Webb - Alan Ashby Hendon-Islington, London League 1975 Reti

This game is included because IM Simon Webb is the strongest player I have ever beaten. The game also has its attractions, however.

1.2f3 c5 2.c4 2c6 3.2c3 g6 4.e3 d6 5.d4 2g7 6.d5 2e5 7.2xe5 dxe5!?

Black has no real compensation for his ruined pawn structure, but at least it's non-theoretical and interesting.

8.e4 b6 9.2d3 2h6 10.2g5

Better is 10.f3 and an early b4.

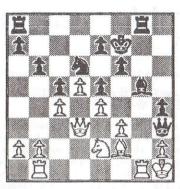
10...f6 11.Qh4 of7 12.0-0 Qh6 13. de2

Probably better is 13. Hab1.

13...g5 14.Qg3 g4 15.且ab1 Qg5 16.Qc2 h5 17.Qa4+ 愛f8 18.f4 gxf3 19.gxf3 Qh3 20.且fd1 ②d6

The knight finally reaches the Nimzovitschian blocking square.

21.營h1 營f7 22.買g1 買g8 [not 22...營f8 23.魚xe5] 23.營d3 요d7 24.요xd7 營xd7 25.免e2 h4 26.요f2 營h3



#### 27.b4?

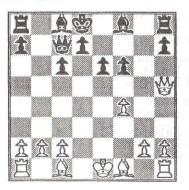
White's best is probably to aim for equality with 27. \ g4 \ \ f4 28. \ \ xf4 exf4 29. \ \ bg1

27... \( \Delta xc4! \) 28.d6 \( \Delta d2 \) 29.bxc5 \( \Beta xf3+ 30. \xf3 \Oxf3 31. \mathred gd1 Sealed move. 31... 2 d2 32. \( \) xd2 \( \) xd2 33.dxe7 \( \) xe7 34.h3 bxc5 35. \( \Delta xc5+ \Bd7 36. \Bd1 \Bc6 耳c2+ 43.魯h1 耳c1+ 44.魯h2 Qf4+ 45. 2xf4 Ac2+ 46. 8h1 exf4 47. Axa7+ \$b5 48. Qxf6 \( \Beta c1+ 49. \Beta h2 \( \Beta c2+ \) 50.曾h1 f3 51. 日b7+ 曾c6 52.日b1 日g3 0 - 1.

Game Six Alan Ashby - George Wheeler WECU Championship, Weymouth 1980 Sicilian Defence

This is my all-time favourite, without doubt.

1.e4 c5 2.\$\Pi\$ e6 3.d4 cxd4 4.\$\Pi\$xd4 \$\Pi\$f6 5.40c3 Dc6 6.40xc6 bxc6 7.e5 Dd5 8.40e4 #c7 9.f4 f5 10.exf6 2xf6 11.2xf6+ gxf6 12. 省h5+ 當d8



#### 13. Q d2

With the subtle threat of 14. △ a5. If 13. ᠘ f7? △ e7=

#### 13...d5

Possibly more accurate is 13... \Bb8 e.g. 14. Qa5? Qb4+=, 14. \$\forall f7=, 14.a3!? The aesthetic value of this game is not diminished by the fact that around this point my opponent nodded off, awoke with a start, and asked whose move it was!

#### 14.23

14. 2d3 may be even stronger, though 14...a5 is possible.

14... 耳b8 15.a3!

Not 15.Qc3? 日xb2!

15... 日xb2 16. Qd3 曾b6 17. Qc3 日b1+

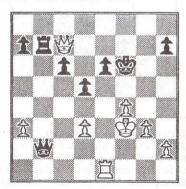
If 17... 曾e3+? 18. 曾e2!士

學xe7 21. 曾g5+ 曾f7 22. 曾h5+ 曾e7 23. Axh1 Qa6

If 23... \$\b2 24. \$\b2 e5\pm 1

24. 世g5+ 曾行 25. 世h5+ 曾e7 26. 世e5 2xd3+ 27.cxd3 ∃b8 possibly better is 27... 互 f8. 28. 曾f3 曾b2

If 28...曾b3 29.邑e1! 曾xd3+ 30.曾g2士 29.曾c7+ 曾f6 30.目e1 目b7



This position was published by Len Barden in his London Evening Standard column with the comments, 'White (to move) aimed for this simplified position but at first sight doesn't have much. However, his following

w justified his strategy and caused the maching experts to assess the game as the of the tournament, What should White west and how should the game go?'

#### 11.W/d6!

Innuary 1993

11 0 xc6 only wins a pawn - but there is w more on offer

1 1 07 32. 且xe6+! 且xe6 33. 皆f8+ 曾g6 M Wy8+ 1-0

the options are 34...\$f5 or \$h5 or \$h6 14 34... 查f6 35. 營h8+ winning the wk queen, or finally 34... 曾g7 35.曾xe6+ 36.世h3+ 曾g6 37.世g4+ 曾f7 wxg7+ &xg7 39.d4 with a won king and pawn endgame.

Came Seven Alan Ashby - Susan Arkell Premier 1987 Branch Defence

1 06 2.d4 d5 3.4 c3 Q b4 4.e5 4 e7

had been playing this line for about 7 on the advice of some London friends, Lynch and Steve Berry, What I didn't was that Susan Arkell had already selended this line many times in friendly against her husband, Keith, and had moved on what theory there was.

#### 6. 全f3 exd4 7. 全xd4 曾c7

1 Mg6 is also good, as Chris Weeks has was against me.

■ 15+ 40d7 9.0-0 0-0 10.40xe6 fxe6

we resential that White throws in 11. 2xd7 Black's knights become just too

11 A\xe5 12. \Q25

is better, though unattractive.

11 6 796

had spent only 16 minutes so far; This nearly 40.

#### 13.Hacl

criticised this in BCM (fame at last) being too passive, but what else is there? plan, pathetic though it is, was

eventually to play c4. Meanwhile, on the right bank...

13... 耳f5 14.Qe3 目h5 15.h3

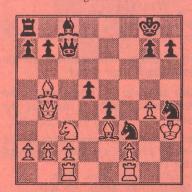


15... 耳xh3! 16.g3

If 16.gxh3 \$13+ 17. 22 \$2 \$2h4+\F

16... 17. 22 Dgh4+! 18. 2xh3 e5+ 19.g4 e4 0-1

White sleeps with the fishes. A 'brilliant resignation'. If 20. 目 h1 h5 21. 目cgl Qxg4+ 22. 且xg4 曾c8!干. Susan was quite shocked by my resignation as she hadn't seen 22... &c8! Sitting on the next board, her husband Keith was amazed she should sacrifice a rook without analyzing it. Intuitive sacrifices by women chess players. As Arthur Daley might have commented, "What is occurring here?"



#### Diary

Use this column to advertise your events. It's free, but please send your entries in plenty of time to the Editor.

1993

Jan 16. Glos v Wilts, Somerset v Devon Jan 25-29. Bristol Team KO quarter-finals. Jan 30 (provisional). ARBITERS' Training Course. Tel: Steve Boniface, 0272 515869.

Feb 6. Somerset v Cornwall, Hants v Glos Feb 13. TAUNTON. WECU Junior Jamboree at Ladymead School

Feb 22-26. Minor Club KO 1/2-finals.

Mar 5-7. EXETER. East Devon Congress. Contact: E G Sparke, 12 Westbourne Terrace, Budleigh Salterton, Devon, EX9 6BR. Tel: 0395 442585.

Mar 8-12. Bristol Team KO 1/2-finals.

Mar 13. Cornwall v Glos

Apr 9-12. WECU Easter Congress (venue to be fixed). Contact: Richard Rendell 0793 724039.

May 14-16. FROME Congress. Contact: G Jepps, 27 Lockey Rd, Shepton Mallett, Somerset, BA4 5RQ. Tel: 0749 344191.

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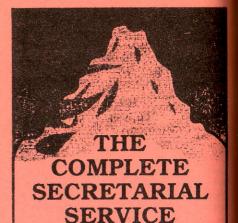
Cheques or POs should be made payable to The Bristol & District Chess League.

#### Find the Moves - Answers

A: Alekhine announced mate in four by 1. \$\mathbb{\pi} e8+ \Delta f8 2. \Delta h6+ \Gamma xh6 3. \$\mathbb{\pi} xf8+ \Gamma xf8 4. \$\mathref{\pi} d8+ 1-0.\$

This game was one of 26 played blindfold simultaneously by Alekhine.

B: 1.♠e5+ 1-0. If 1...♠xe5 2.☐a7+ ♣c6 3.₩e4+#



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